Forts & Palaces of Palamu (Jharkhand)

AN EXPLORATION OF HERITAGE : A HISTORICAL & ARCHITECTURAL JOURNEY



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Palamu: A Forgotten Royal Past

- **❖Palamu**: A Well Known for its Rich Biodiversity, History & Natural Beauty Of Jharkhard, India.
- ❖ Location: Palamu district, Jharkhand, India nestled in the Chotanagpur Plateau.

Co-ordinates - 23°50'–24°08' N latitude & 83°55'–84°30' E longitude.

Borders - Chatra & Hazaribagh dist. (East), Garhwa dist. (West), Son River & the State of

Bihar (North), Latehar dist. (South).

Rivers: - Principle river - 'Koel'; It's tributary - 'The Auranga' & 'The Amant'

- ❖ Palamu is also renowned for its "Cultural Heritage".
- ❖ Forts & Palaces of Palamu Twin Palamu Fort (Naya Kila & Purana Kila), Old Fort of Thakurais of Chainpur, Shahpur Palace, the Palace of Kuar Ambika Prasad Singh (Ladi),& the Palace of Raja Medini Rai (Kakarigarh, Panki).
- *****Aim :-
- To explore cultural heritage of Palamu & show the rich legacy of blend of **Mughal & Tribal Culture** together through forts & palaces of Palamu.
- To conserve and restore our tradition which is fading day by day.

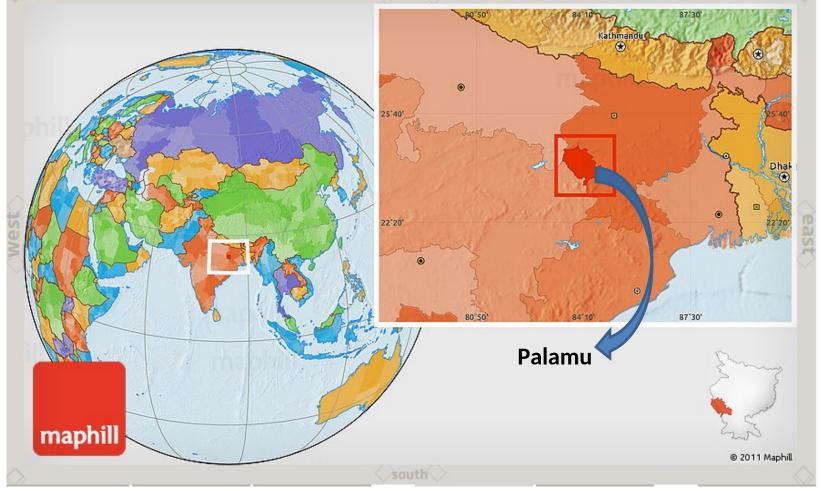
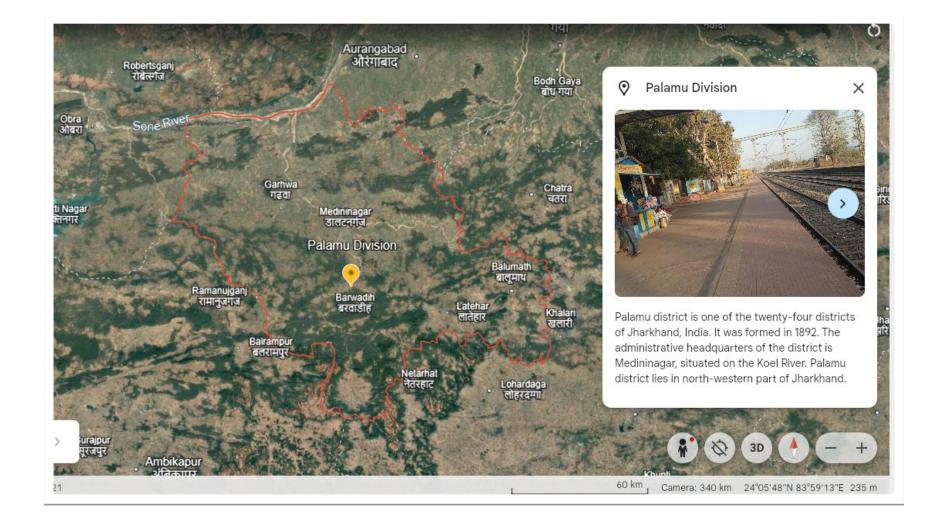


Fig-1: Map of Palamu (Jharkhand)



Forts & Palaces of Palamu (Jharkhand)

- ❖ Garh of Raja Medini Rai (Kakrigarh Palace), Kakrigarh, Panki block, Palamu dist., Jharkhand, India.
- * Chainpur Garh, Chainpur ,Palamu district, Jharkhand, India
- ❖ Ladi Garh (Ladi Palace), Ladi, Palamu district, Jharkhand,India

Garh of Raja Medini Rai (Kakrigarh Palace)

- ➤ Known as Garh of Raja Medini Rai
- **Location**: Kakrigarh, Panki block, Palamu dist., Jharkhand, India.
- ➤ **Date/Period**: 16th Century CE (Medieval period)
- Dynasty : Chero DynastyBuilt by : Raja Medini Rai
- Reported By: P.C.Roy Chaudhury, M.A., Special Officer, Gazetteer Revision Section, Revenue Department, Bihar, Patna (31st March, 1961)
- **Present Condition**: ruined/vanished; only some architectural pieces (lintels) are remains.
- > **Type of palace**: Defensive Palace (Fortpalaces)



Fig-2 : Ruined Garh of Kakrigarh, Panki Block, Palamu, Jharkhand (Kakrigarh Palace)





Fig - 3 : Sandstone fragment (Lintel?) with repeated lotus-petal (Kamalakara) motifs

Fig - 4: Sandstone fragment (Lintel?) with semicircular motifs





Fig-5 : Pottery Fragment (Sherd)

➤ Name : Terracotta fragment (broken pottery sherd?)

➤ Material : Terracotta (baked clay)

≻Condition : Broken

➤Dimensions: approx.9.4 x 9.3 (in cm)

> Feature : Incised linear decoration on surface

Context: found in Kakrigarh Palace of palamu, showing association with structural or habitation debris.

>Significance :

♦ Represents ancient ceramic tradition.

♦ Useful for cultural identification & dating, chronological study.

Provides evidence of habitation & craftsmanship.

Fig-6: Pottery Fragment (Sherd)

➤ Name : Terracotta fragment (larger storage vessel or pot ?)

➤ Material : Terracotta (baked clay)

≻Condition : Broken

≻Dimensions :

➤ Feature :-

Multiple sherds embedded in soil.

One piece shows curved profile with rim portion

(suggestion - it belonged to a larger storage vessel or pot)

Other sherds are plain body fragments without decoration.

Context: found in Purana kila (old fort) of palamu, showing association with structural or habitation debris

> Significance :-

♦ Indicate functional pottery (domestic/storage use).

♦ Helps in understanding the variety of ceramics at the site (decorated vs. plain, functional vs. ornamental





➤ Name : large weathered brick fragment

➤ Material : Burnt clay (brick)

➤ Condition : Broken, weathered & uneven surface with cracks ➤ Color : Dark reddish-brown, traces of burning & natural wear

▶Dimensions: Approx. 17.7 x 18.5 (in cm)

>Significance :

♦ Evidence of ancient construction remains.

Shows the durability of baked clay material.

♦ Provides insight into the building practices of the past.





➤ Material : Burnt clay (brick)

➤ Shape : Rectangular piece with worn edges

Condition: Broken and weathered, found with other stone

and soil remains.

Colour : Light reddish − brown (with soil encrustation)

➤ **Dimensions**: Approx. 11 x 9.5 (in cm) [with compare to above brick image]

>Significance :

Suggests remains of an old structure.

Provides evidence of construction activity at the site.





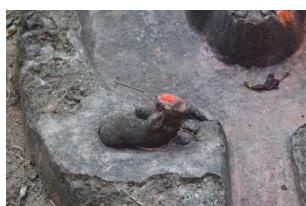


Fig-9: Shivlinga (Medieval Period)









2. Chainpur Garh (Chainpur Fort)





➤ Known as – The Old Fort of Thakurais of Chainpur (Chainpur Fort)

Location: Chainpur, Palamu dist., Jharkhand, India.

▶Date/Period: 16th Century CE

>Dynasty : Chero Dynasty

➤ Built by : Chero rulers & Thakurais of Chainpur

➤ Reported By: P.C.Roy Chaudhury, M.A., Special Officer, Gazetteer Revision Section,

Revenue Department, Bihar, Patna (31st March, 1961)

➤ Present Condition : Ruined ➤ Type of Fort : combination of

Hill fort & Plain fort

≻Key Features :-

♦Early medieval-panchmukhi Shivling

♦(Shiva with Five Heads)

♦Water Tank

♦Decorated Gates & Doors

♦Secret Chambers and Tunnels



Fig -10: Map of Chainpur Garh (Chainpur Fort)



Fig-11 : Inner Gate of Fort



Fig-12 : Corridor of Fort

Fig-13: Water Tank





Fig-14: Fort from the backside



Fig-15: Shiva Temple



Fig-16: Shivling (Early medieval-panchmukhi Shivling?)







Antiquities found from Chainpur Garh (Chainpur Fort)







3. Ladi Palace



Fig -17: The Ladi Garh

➤ Known as : Ladi Garh(Ladi Palace)

➤ Also known as: 'The Seven Yards of House'.
➤ Location: Ladi, Chainpur Block, Palamu dist.,

Jharkhand, India.

▶Date/Period :c. Late 18th-20th Century CE

▶Dynasty: Biswen Rajputs,

Manjhauli Raj family (Gorakhpur dist.)

➤ Built by :Kuar Ambika Prasad Singh

➤ **Reported By**: P.C.Roy Chaudhury, M.A., Special

Officer, Gazetteer Revision Section, Revenue Department, Bihar, Patna (31st March, 1961)

➤ Present Condition : Ruined ➤ Type of Fort : Plain fort

<u>Key Features</u> :-

♦Seven Yards

♦Court of Kuar Ambika Prasad Singh

Secret Chambers & Tunnels

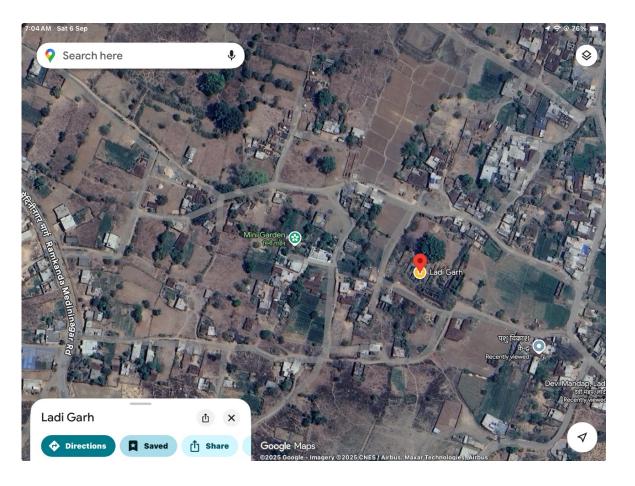


Fig -18: Map of Ladi Garh









Fig - 19: Well or a Chamber

❖ <u>Deepmandav</u> (Lamp Niches)

Definition:

Small recessed spaces made in the fort walls.

Purpose:

Used to place earthen lamps (diyas).

Served for lighting, decoration, and ritual purposes.

Context (Palamu Forts):

Also found on the walls of Palamu Fort.

Reflect architectural style and cultural practices of the **Chero period**.



Fig 20 : Secret Tunnel



Arched Gateway

❖ Material: Made of stone and brick with plaster.

❖ Design: Features a scalloped arch (curved and decorative) supported by side pillars.

❖Condition: Weathered with signs of age, showing cracks and vegetation growth.

❖ Significance:

Served as an entrance passage.

Reflects the Indo-Islamic style used in the fort architecture.

Highlights the artistic detailing of the Chero period.







Court of Kuar Ambika Prasad Singh

Court of the Ruler :The main hall or open space inside the fort

where the king/ruler conducted administrative and judicial activities.

Functions:

- ➤ Place for official meetings and discussions.
- ➤ Ruler heard petitions and delivered justice.
- Ceremonial gatherings, cultural programs, and royal announcements.

Architectural Features:

- ➤ Large open courtyard or pillared hall.
- Sometimes decorated with arches, carvings, or elevated throne space.
- ➤ Located at the central/important part of the fort or palace.

The Cultural Heritage of Palamu Unfolds Through These Tables 1 & 2 of Forts And Palaces :-

Table -1:- List of Forts & Palaces of Palamu (Jharkhand)

No.	Forts & Palaces		Places	Date or Period	Dynasty	Built By	Key Features
1.	Purana Kila (Old Fort)	Palamu Fort	Medininagar Palamu dist. Jharkhand,India	16th Century CE	Chero Dynasty	Raja Medini Rai	➤ Singh Darwaza, ➤ Inscription on the arch of North Gate, ➤ Secret Chamber & Tunnels
2.	Naya Kila (New Fort)	(Twin Fort)	Medininagar Palamu dist. Jharkhand,India	17th Century CE	Chero Dynasty	Raja Pratap Rai	➤ Nagpuri Gate, ➤ Arabesque motifs, ➤ Inscription on pillar ➤ SecretChambers & Tunnels
3.	Kakrigarh Palace		Kakrigarh,Panki block,Palamu dist., Jharkhand,India	16th Century CE	Chero Dynasty	Raja Medini Rai	➤ Sandstone fragment with repeated lotus-petal (Kamalakara) motifs ➤ Sandstone with semicircular motifs Architectural Remains

Table -2: List of Forts & Palaces of Palamu (Jharkhand)

No.	Forts & Palaces	Places	Date or Period	Dynasty	Built By	Key Features
4.	Chainpur Garh (Chainpur Fort)	Chainpur,Palamu district, Jharkhand,India	16th Century CE	Chero Dynasty	Chero rulers & Thakurais of Chainpur	➤ Early medieval-panchmukhi Shivling (Shiva with 5 heads), ➤ Water Tank, ➤ decorated Gates & ➤ Secret Chambers and Tunnels
5.	Shahpur Fort (Shahpur Palace)	Shahpur,near Medininagar (formerly Daltonganj), Palamu dist. Jharkhand,India	Late 18th Century CE	Chero Dynasty	Raja Gopal Rai	➤ Mysterious Passages ➤ Secret Chambers
6.	Ladi Garh (Ladi Palace)	Ladi, Palamu district, Jharkhand,India	c. Late 18th-20th Century CE	Biswen Rajputs, Manjhauli Raj family (Gorakhpur dist.)	Kuar Ambika Prasad Singh	➤ Seven YardsSeven Yards ➤ Court of Kuar Ambika Prasad Singh ➤ Secret Chambers & Tunnels

Conclusion

- ❖ Palamu is well known for its rich biodiversity, natural beauty, and cultural heritage.
- **❖** Its charm lies in scenic rivers, rolling hills, and fertile cultivated fields.
- ❖ The soul of Palamu's heritage is reflected in its **forts and palaces**, which showcase a unique blend of **Mughal elegance and local tribal traditions**.
- ❖ These historic structures are not just architectural marvels but also living storytellers of the past.
- ❖ It is our responsibility to **conserve and preserve them for future generations**, so that the story and culture of Palamu continue to inspire.

Thank You

Is there any Question?